CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

ALLOCATIONS OF SPENDING AUTHORITY TO HOUSE COMMITTEES—Continued
[Committees other than Appropriations]

Committee		Budget year					Total
	-	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	1999–2003
Commerce Committee:	OT	2,744	3,829	4,366	4,927	5,230	21,096
Current Law	BA OT	8,663 5,421	10,247 8,351	12,263 10,963	15,747 16,458	16,015 16,942	62,935 58,135
International Relations Committee: Current Law	BA	10,924	9,888	9,982	9,557	8,711	49,062
Government Reform Committee:	OT	12,162	11,516	10,860	10,415	9,698	54,651
Current Law	BA OT	57,886 56,644 0	59,661 48,365	61,516 60,164 4	63,577 62,174	65,822 64,396	308,462 301,743
Discretionary Action	BA OT BA	0 0 57.886	2 2 59.663	4 4 61.520	4 4 63,581	4 4 65.826	14 14 308.476
Committee on House Administration:	OT.	56,644	58,367	60,168	62,178	64,400	301,757
Current Law	BA OT	93 56	90 262	90 49	90 13	93 57	456 437
Resources Committee: Current Law	BA	2,296	2,391	2,370	2,319	2,351	11,727
Judiciary Committee:	OT	2,253	2,254	2,332	2,205	2,326	11,370
Current Law	BA OT	4,759 4,578	4,548 4,371	4,550 4,461	4,539 4,617	4,631 4,622	23,027 22,649
Transportation and Infrastructure Committee: Current Law	BA OT	49,121 16,114	48,697 16,021	49,721 16,026	50,714 15,834	51,714 15,722	249,967 79,717
Discretionary Action	BA OT	1,205	2,410	2,410	2,410	2,410	10,845
Total	BA OT	50,326 16.114	51,107 16,021	52,131 16.026	53,124 15,834	54,124 15,722	260,812 79,717
Science Committee: Current Law	BA	38	38	35	32	32	175
Small Business Committee:	OT	33	36	36	36	34	175
Current Law	BA OT	- 414 - 585	0 156	0 - 140	0 125	0 110	- 414 - 1,116
Veterans' Affairs Committee: Current Law	BA OT BA OT	1,182 1,296 0	1,144 1,358 394 360	1,077 1,331 874 833	990 1,316 1,367 1,325	931 1,355 1,868 1,824	5,324 6,656 4,503 4,342
Discretionary Action							
Total	BA OT	1,182 1,296	1,538 1,718	1,951 2,164	2,357 2,641	2,799 3,179	4,342 9,827 10,998
Ways and Means Committee: Current Law	BA	671.063	676.265	692.412	705.685	728.575	3.474.000
Reauthorizations	OT BA OT BA	659,770 0 0 0	666,279 0 0 - 2	684,407 0 0 0	696,184 0 0 0	721,486 19,553 17,312 0	3,428,126 19,553 17,312 - 2
Discretionary Action							
Total	OT BA OT	0 671,063 659,770	- 2 676,263 666,277	0 692,412 684.407	0 705,685 696,184	0 728,575 721.486	- 2 3,473,998 3,428,124

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentle-woman from the District of Columbia (Ms. NORTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. NORTON addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. BEREUTER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BEREUTER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

UNITED STATES NEEDS TO FOCUS ON INDONESIA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. BLUMENAUER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, one aspect of livable communities is the global connections that we are facing today as trade interrelates our economies, world peace is affected as one destabilized area can have serious consequences for others, how environmental exploitation has global consequences for us all as we have increasingly destructive capacity in an increasingly smaller world.

There is need for people who care about livable communities to focus on Indonesia, focus across four time zones, over 15,000 islands, and a population of over 210 million people. It is a spectacular, diverse, and extremely vulnerable region. It is one in political transition, moving from three political parties and really no Democratic election in the last 40 years, to approaching over 150 and its first election in two generations this June.

We have seen in East Timor, home of tragic violence, as it was invaded by the Indonesian military 25 years ago, we have seen the death of over 200,000 people in an island that still has only perhaps a population of 800,000 and a situation that cries for a peaceful resolution

Indonesia is a nation of great financial turmoil today. Less than 2 years ago, it was one of those successful Asian financial tigers, so successful that we were on the verge of withdrawing our aid programs. Today, it is now an economic basket case, with half its population at or below the Indonesian poverty level and virtually not a single solvent financial institution in the entire country.

We have seen long simmering racial, ethnic and religious tensions bubble to the surface, aggravated by the serious economic difficulties that have led to the death of hundreds of its citizens.

Indonesia was the backdrop for the movie "The Year Of Living Dangerously" a third of a century ago when Sukarno lost power to Suharto.

Today, in the post-Suharto era, Indonesia is still living dangerously. We have serious potential for violence even as the ray of hope dawns on East Timor and the government is talking about a potential for independence. Yet at the same time there is pervasive evidence that the military has provided weapons to paramilitary agents on the island, and there could be the potential for bloodshed upon their withdrawal.

There continues to be the potential for violence in Indonesia's urban centers, and there is definitely violence that is being visited upon its ecology as the nation struggles to get economic gain at the expense of its forests, fishing stock, coral reefs and endangered species.

I sincerely hope that my colleagues will put Indonesia on the radar screen. It will be on the radar screen for the administration and for the American public. It is time for the United States to take a strong and aggressive action to help resolve the situation in East Timor so that the potential news of the military withdrawal is not an open invitation for greater bloodshed against the Timorees.

It is important that our Secretary of State, who is due to visit Indonesia